

LOTS for Sale.  
of fruit in PHILIP WARE,  
iber, for the purpose of lea-  
of certain farms therein men-  
posed to public sale, on the  
en o'clock, A. M. on SA-  
5th day of April next, for

homely situated, con-  
of Alexandria, containing  
x acres each, being part of  
by the name of "Stump."  
division of said tract as laid  
distinguished by the num-  
3, 24, 25. To such as have  
themselves with eligible situ-  
hood, these Lots present an  
entire, and to accommodate  
be let up separately. For  
information respecting this pro-  
may be made to Col. Gilpin,  
who is furnished with a  
de and the adjoining Lots,  
in a high state of improve-

John M. Iver.  
2 w 5 up A

S HINGSTON,  
his trunks and the public in  
hath removed his store to  
oor to Mr. Jos. Thomson's,  
sale an extensive assortment

E D S,  
American growth.  
this fall per the ship She-  
Wells, via Norfolk,  
rebi b are

ge, Early Dwarf do. Early  
Early do. Early Battersea  
do. Large Sugarloaf do.  
Red do. Green and Yel.  
Hill Sprouts, Green and  
over, B. coli, &c. — Also,  
Burnett, O'charl Grate,  
Dutch Turnip, Early Stone  
low do. White No. 10 do.  
der, Caraway, Dill, An.  
Double Yellow Hyacinths  
Flower of Mustard, Split  
Hoes, Reels and Lines,  
P. uning Knives. On hand  
dy Roplar of all sizes and  
og Sirabs, and Roots, on

Also,  
ent of cut and plain Glass,  
ware, Flower Pots of all  
eps Liquors, Groce-  
and Shot, Fig Blue, Starch,  
andles, Salt Petre, Alum,  
est Rappee Snuff, chewing

for Sale,  
Gardener, and Kennedy's  
dw. lawl M

ollars Reward,  
or apprehending and secur-  
young mulatto man slave,  
He was hired by me last  
thomas, who keeps the mid-  
alexandria, and absconded  
the latter end of August  
years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9  
well made, has short cur-  
ly subject to have fever-  
s face. He is reckoned to  
an easy agreeable address  
sphere of life. As he has  
me since his elopement, I  
addresses to ship himself as  
ne vessel either at Alexan-  
hoever takes him up and  
oil, shall receive from me  
soon as due information  
or to Doctor N. P. Con-

G. B. Caulin.  
County, } [Feb. 3.] 23w

E L E T,  
M OF YEARS,  
- E A G L E,  
RY. SEAT of the late Lord  
containing  
red and twenty nine and  
land, bounded on one side  
Upon the premises there is  
science requisite for the ac-  
steel family, viz. Man-  
Laundry, Smoke Houe-  
douse, a good Garden en-  
all the advantages of a  
ensive prospect, healthful  
imity to Alexandria; it  
one of the most desirable  
his part of the country.  
bert, Esq. of this town,  
ear Patuxent iron works,  
Maryland.

Carlyle Herbert.  
12w

ED DAILY  
SNOWDEN.

# Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

Vol. VI.]

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1866.

[No. 1566.]

## SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD,  
At the Vendue-Store,  
Corner of Prince and Water streets,  
A Variety of DRY GOODS,  
GROCERIES, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the  
bills of the day.]

All kind of goods which are on limitation and  
the prices of which are established, can at any  
time be viewed and purchased at the lowest li-  
mitation and prices.

Philip G. Marshall, v. M.

## THE SUBSCRIBER

Wants to Charter,  
A vessel of about 1500 barrels  
burthen, for CORK and a MDR-  
KET; to which immediate dispatch  
will be given—the cargo being all  
ready to go on board.

James Patton.

## WHO HAS FOR SALE,

At his Warehouse, Conway's wharf,  
New-York prime Beef and Pork.  
Also, Southern Pork, of good quality—with a  
few pipes of old Cognac Brandy.

February 12. d

## PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a deed of trust made  
by Joseph Neale to the subscriber, for the pur-  
pose of securing the payment of a sum of money  
therein named, to Peter Sheron, I will expose to  
sale (for cash) at the coffee house, in the town  
of Alexandria, on MONDAY, the 21st of April  
next, at one o'clock,

## An Acre of Ground,

Lying on the south side of Duke street, and  
bounded by West, Hamilton, and Wolfe lanes  
in the suburbs of Alexandria.

John Dunlap, Trustee.

March 31. dts

## FOR SALE,

On board the Sloop Montezuma,  
7 hds. 4th proof Jamaica Rum  
2000 wt. Smithfield Bacon  
1000 bushels Coarse Salt.

The said Sloop will sail for Norfolk on Thurs-  
day next. For freight or passage, apply to Cap-  
tain Palmer, on board, or to

M. MILLER.

March 31.

## JAMES SANDERSON

HAS RECEIVED,  
A few casks of excellent  
CLOVER-SEED,  
Which is warranted fresh.

3000 lbs. best green Martinique  
Coffee

20 barrels New England Rum  
20 barrels Whiskey

A few bales upland Georgia Cotton  
3 casks Linens  
1 bale brown ditto.

Also on Hand,  
British Sail Canvas, German Oznaburgs;—  
as usual, a general assortment of the best  
Wines, Spirituous Liquors, Teas and Groceries.

March 24. d

## CHEESE, &c.

We have a large quantity of Rhode-  
Island CHEESE, and a few barrels of HER-  
MINGS for sale—

And daily expect  
2,000 batrels Turk's Island Salt;  
which will be sold on moderate terms from on  
board.

Douglas & Mandeville.

March 22. dts

## Clover Seed,

[Warranted of the best quality]

landed this day from Philadelphia, and for  
sale, on very low terms

Mandeville & Jameffon.

Who have just received,  
60 barrels old Rye Whiskey

5000 lbs Green Coffee  
20 boxes fine Salad Oil  
20 boxes Chocolate

1000 lbs heavy Pepper  
10 boxes fresh Mustard

A few bales Tennessee Cotton  
100 reams Wrapping Paper.

March 22. d

Cash, and the highest price given  
for clean Linen and Cotton Rags, by  
the Printer of this paper.

## MRS. JACKS

BEGS leave to inform the citizens of Alexandria  
and the vicinity, that on Monday next she will  
open a

School for young Ladies,  
in which they will be instructed in Reading, Writing,  
English Grammar, Arithmetic, plain Sewing, Mark-  
ing, Netting, Tambouring, Embroidery, Music, and  
Drawing. Her terms for the different branches are  
moderate, and will be made known on application at her  
school, in King street, opposite Mr. Snowden's print-  
ing office. From the experience she has had in educa-  
ting young ladies, she flatters herself she will give satis-  
faction to such as place their children under her care.—  
She will also accommodate a few young ladies from the  
country with BOARDING, &c.

March 28. ddt

## REMOVAL.

The Subscriber begs leave to in-  
form his friends and the public in general, that  
he has removed from the Store, he lately occupied  
in Union street, two doors further South, on the  
same side of the street, to that large and commo-  
dious Store, the property of captain William  
Harper, at the sign of the Orange Tree, where  
he has the following articles for sale, on the very  
lowest terms for CASH.

Jamaica Spirits,  
French Brandy,  
Holland Gin,  
West India Rum,  
New England ditto,  
Cherry Brandy,  
Peach Brandy,  
Whisky,  
Wines of different kinds,  
Port and Lump sugar,  
Brown ditto  
Coffee,  
Hyson Shulongs,  
Young Hyson,  
Souchong, and  
Bohea

Mild and dipt Candles,  
Soap,  
Chocolate of different qua-  
lities,  
Best Philadelphia Mustard,  
Golden Cheese of the first  
quality,  
Rhode Island ditto,  
A general assortment of  
Queens Ware,  
Ditto do, Glass do.

With a number of other articles together with  
500 bushels of salt suitable for the fisheries,  
500 ditto new Rhode Island potatoes,  
30 barrels excellent cyder,  
20 ditto new rye whiskey,  
And a parcel of

Nice Smithfield-hams, middlings, and  
shoulders.

A. WILLIS.

March 24. d10+

## JOHN G. LADD,

Has just received  
150 bolts first quality Russian heavy  
CANVASS,  
1,500 pieces long and short India  
NANKEENS,  
For Sale on moderate terms.

March 21. d

## TUNIS CRAVEN,

Has received by the late arrivals an elegant as-  
sortment of

## GOODS,

—AMONG WHICH ARE—

London Superfine Cloths  
and Cassimeres,  
Bennett's Patent Cords,  
Do. Waistcoatings,  
Silks, Molekins, Flo-  
rentines,  
Imperial, clouded and  
white Marfelles,  
Tobinets, Swandowns,  
Flannels, rose Blankets,  
Coatings, Plains,  
Kerseys, Halfthicks,  
Lamb's Wool, Worsted,  
Cotton and Silk for  
stuffs,  
Irish & Flanders Sheet-  
ings,  
4 4 Irish Linens,  
Shirting Cottons,  
Long Lawns,  
Linen Cambricks,  
Dimities, Cambrick do.

Corded Cambricks,  
Lace do.  
Rich Colonnade and fi-  
gured India Muslins  
India and British Book  
do.  
Lace Caps & Handker-  
chiefs,  
Extra Silk Gloves,  
Vic Nic Mitts,  
Silk Cord and Buttons,  
Cambrick Buttons,  
Artificial Flowers and  
Wreaths,  
Ostrich Feathers,  
Italian Mantaus,  
Fine India Perfumery,  
Bastres, Mamoodies,  
Dowlas, Ticklenburg,  
Onaburgs, Brown rolls  
&c. &c.

He daily expects an additional  
assortment of FINE GOODS.

Oct. 23. d1f

## Plaster Paris—affoat.

50 tons Plaster Paris;  
1500 feet Oars,

At Lawason's wharf;  
On board the schooner Dove, Capt. —  
from Portland, for sale by

Lawason & Fowle,  
on said wharf.

March 20. d

## TO RENT,

A THREE STORY BRICK WARE-  
HOUSE, situated on Union Street, oppo-  
site Col. Gilpin's Store, now occupied by Mr.  
Philip Care. Possession will be given immedi-  
ately, application to be made to

Philip Triplett.

March 21. d2w

## SALT.

Suitable for the Fisheries.  
JUST RECEIVED,  
1200 bushels St. Ubes Salt; per schooner  
Martha and Mary; and for sale, at Merchants  
wharf.

William Hodgson.

March 21. d

## A Journeyman Baker.

I WANT TO EMPLOY  
ONE qualified to conduct a bakery in New-  
York, as a Foreman. A single man would  
be preferred. Application to be made to

Mordecai Miller.

March 19. d

## HENRY K. MAY

Has received, per Brig Equator, Moore, from  
New-Castle, and offers for sale, if immedi-  
ately applied for;  
80 casks Red Lead,  
38 casks Patent Shot,  
18 casks Logot Lead and  
36 theats Milled do.

December 18. d

## LOST.

On Wednesday evening last, in or near the town,  
The outer Case of a WATCH.

It is of G. Lb. plain and of modern fashion.  
Five Dollars reward will be given, to any  
person who will deliver it to the

PRINTER.

February 22. d

## TO RENT,

A TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, situ-  
ate on St. Alaph street, between King  
and Prince streets, four doors beyond Mr. Faw's  
office, now occupied by Mr. Amos Alexand.  
Possession will be given on the 13th March.—  
Application to be made to

George Youngs.

February 26. d

## JAMES BACON,

A his GROCERY STORE, on King street, has, in  
addition to his former stock, added

A fresh Supply of Genuine Articles in  
the Grocery Line;

Which makes his assortment complete.

He now offers for sale, on his usual low terms,  
Muscovado Sugars, of various qua-  
lities,

Loaf and Lump ditto,  
Gunpowder,  
Imperial,  
Hyson,  
Young Hyson,  
Hyson Skin, and  
Souchong.

Best Green Coffee,  
Chocolate, of a superior quality.

Madeira,  
Bisullos,  
Sherry,  
Lisbon,  
Teneriffe,  
Malaga, and  
Genuine Old Port

Cognac and Bourdeaux Brandy,  
Old Jamaica Spirit, for family use,  
Antigua, St. Croix, St. Vincent, and New-  
England Rum,  
Holland Gin,  
Irish and country Whiskey,  
Molasses, Wine, and Cider Vinegar,  
Stoughton's Bitters.

Mace, Nutmegs, Cloves, Calfs, Pimento  
Cayenne and Black Pepper. Race and Ground  
Ginger, Baking Salt for table use, Pearl Barley,  
Rice, Starch, Fig. blue, Soap, Mould, Dipt and  
Spirametti Candles, Refined Salt Petre, Flotant  
Indigo, Allum; Copperas, Madder, Brimstone,  
Spinning Cotton, Patent Shot; all sizes, best  
English and country-made Gunpowder, Segars,  
and Smoking Tobacco; very best Chewing To-  
bacco.

Hamilton and Leiper's Snuff, Hunter's Pipes  
in boxes.

London Mustard, warranted of a superior qua-  
lity, Dixon's best ditto, Wrapping Paper, De-  
mijohn's, &c. &c. with generally every article  
in his line—the whole of which have been select-  
ed with care and will be disposed of on the very  
lowest terms.

December 181.

## WILLIAM GORE,

BEING about to commence the MILLING  
BUSINESS in the country, wishes to Rent  
the PROPERTY he now occupies on King  
street, near Mr. Drury Davis's, consisting of  
a WAREHOUSE, one hundred feet deep and  
twenty-five feet high, with an excellent cellar,  
and a commodious Dwelling, Kitchen, &c. &c.  
—In his absence please apply to Mr. JAMES  
ANDERSON.

April 1. d2w

## JOHN WATTS

Has just received and offers for sale, on  
the usual terms,

White and brown Ticklenburg  
White and brown German Ruffs  
White and brown Plunkins  
7-8 and 4-4 Irish Linen  
2-4 Shirting Cotton  
Apr. n and Shirting Checks  
Chertizes and Calicoes  
Diaper and Daper Table Cloth  
Shirting Cloths and Calicoes  
Sewing Silks, Tawels, and Threads  
Cambrick Muslins, 4-4 and 8-4  
Lace Cambricks, 4-4 and 8-4  
Pain Leno, do. do.  
Tambred Leno, do. do.  
Leno Veils, do. do.  
Leno Shades and Dargona do.  
Pic Nic Gloves and Mitts  
Silk and Cotton Hose  
Ladies Hand Gloves  
Cambrick Handkerchiefs and Long Lawns  
Gurrahs, C. Hies, and Batias  
Fresh Clover Seed, &c. &c.

March 2. d2

## ROBERT GRAY

Has lately received  
A Consignment of Books,

FROM PHILADELPHIA,  
Among which are the following Friends' Books:

Barelay's Apology,  
Life of Lady Guion,  
Elwood's Sacred History,  
Life of Thomas Story,  
Life of Samuel Bownas,  
Life of John Grattan,  
Life of Margaret Lucas,  
Tryon em,  
Elwood's Daoides,  
John Richardson's Life,  
Collection of Memorials of Friends,  
Life of Mary Piesley, &c. &c.

March 31. d

## FOR SALE,

A Negro W. man, who is an ex-  
cellent house servant, with her two Children;  
the one male, the other female.

Jan. 16. Enquire of the Printer.

## JOSEPH RIDDLE

Has Received by the Ceres and other ships lately  
arrived at Baltimore, a considerable part  
of his

## FALL GOODS;

Which are now opening at his Store in Fairfax  
street, and daily expects an additional supply in  
the United States from Liverpool.

September 23. d

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership hitherto subsisting under  
the firm of Joseph Riddle & Co. of Alexandria,  
was dissolved the first instant, by mutual con-  
sent: All persons that are indebted to, or that  
have claims on the same, are requested to come  
forward and settle, as it is desirable to close the  
concern as soon as possible. Those whose ac-  
counts are of long standing are particularly re-  
quested to attend to this notice, and make  
payments to either of the subscribers.

JOSEPH RIDDLE,  
Of Alexandria;

JAMES DALL,  
Of Baltimore;

September 13. d

## Boarding-House Opened

By the Subscriber, in Prince Street,  
In the house lately occupied by Thomas Pat-  
ton, between the dwelling house of Dr. Dill  
and Mr. Hodgson's Store—where a few genteel  
boarders may be accommodated—with or with-  
out lodging. Apply to

William King.

November 1. d1f

## TO RENT,

The Dwelling HOUSE at present  
occupied by William Sanford.—The house is a  
commodious and handsomely situated, with eve-  
ry necessary out house, and has a handsome gar-  
den in high cultivation. Apply to

Mr. Thomas Preston, or  
Thomas Sanford.

October 23. d1f



CONGRESS  
OF THE  
UNITED STATES.  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.  
(CONTINUED)

Thursday, January 16.

An engrossed bill, intitled An act making provision for defraying the expenses which may be incurred in the purchase of the Spanish territories lying on the Atlantic ocean and gulph of Mexico, and eastward of the Mississippi, was read the third time; and on the question that the same do pass.

It was resolved in the affirmative. Yeas 76 Nays 54; as follows:

YEAS. Messrs. Alton, Anderson, Archer, Barker, Bassett, Bedinger, Bidwell, Bishop, Blake, Blount, Brown, Boyle, Bryan, G. W. Campbell, Chandler, J. Clay, Clinton, Clifton, Conrad, Cook, Crowninshield, Cuthbert, Darby, Dickson, Earle, Early, Elliot, Elmer, Eppes, Findley, Fisk, Fowler, Gregg, Green, Halfey, Hamilton, Helms, Holland, Jackson, Jones, Knight, Lambert, Leib, Magruder, Marion, Matters, N. R. Moore, Jer. Morrow, R. Nelson, Newton, Nicholson, Olin, Pugh, T. M. Randolph, Rhea, Ten. Richards, Russell, Saily, Sanford, Schuneman, Seaver, Sloan, Smilie, O. B. Smith, Southard, Stanton, Thomas, Tracy, Varnum, Walton, J. Whitehill, R. Whitehill, Wickes, N. Williams, Winston and Wynns. — 76.

NAYS. Messrs. Betton, Broom, Butler, J. Cam., Casey, Chittenden, Claiborne, Clark, Covington, Dana, Davenport, Ellis, Ely, Garnett, Goldsborough, Gray, Hastings, Hough, Kelly, Kenan, Lewis, Livingston, Lyon, McCreery, Merriweather, T. Moore, Mofely, J. Nelson, Pitkin, Quincy, J. Randolph, Rea, Penn. Sammons, J. C. Smith, J. Smith, S. Smith, Spalding, Stanford, Stedman, Sturges, Taggart, Tallmadge, Tenney, P. R. Thompson, T. W. Thompson, Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Van Rensselaer, Verplanck, Wadsworth, Wilton and Winston. — 54.

It was then moved and seconded to amend the title of the said bill to read as follows: "An act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations," and on the question thereupon.

It was resolved in the affirmative. Yeas 81. Nays 46; as follows:

YEAS. Messrs. Alton, Anderson, Archer, Barker, Bassett, Bidwell, Bishop, Blake, Blount, Brown, Boyle, Bryan, G. W. Campbell, Chandler, Clark, J. Clay, Clinton, Clifton, Conrad, Cook, Crowninshield, Cuthbert, Darby, Dickson, Earle, Early, Elliot, Elmer, Eppes, Findley, Fisk, Fowler, Gregg, Green, Halfey, Hamilton, Helms, Holland, Jackson, Jones, Knight, Lambert, Leib, Magruder, Marion, Matters, Mac Creery, N. R. Moore, Jer. Morrow, R. Nelson, Newton, Olin, Pugh, T. M. Randolph, Rea, of Penn., Rhea, of Tenn., Richards, Russell, Saily, Sanford, Schuneman, Seaver, Sloan, Smilie, O. B. Smith, Southard, Stanton, Thomas, Tracy, Varnum, Walton, J. Whitehill, R. Whitehill, Wickes, M. Williams, N. Williams, Winston, and Wynns. — 81.

NAYS. Messrs. Bedinger, Bett., Broom, Butler, J. Campbell, Casey, Chittenden, Claiborne, Covington, Dana, Davenport, Ellis, Ely, Garnett, Goldsborough, Gray, Hastings, Hough, Kelly, Kenan, Lewis, Livingston, Lyon, McCreery, Merriweather, T. Moore, Mofely, J. Nelson, Pitkin, Quincy, J. Randolph, Rea, of Penn., Sammons, J. C. Smith, J. Smith, S. Smith, Spalding, Stanford, Stedman, Sturges, Taggart, Tallmadge, Tenney, P. R. Thompson, T. W. Thompson, Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Van Rensselaer, Verplanck, Wadsworth, and D. R. Williams. — 46.

A motion was then made that a committee be appointed to carry to the Senate the following message:

"By the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, January 16, 1806.

"Gentlemen of the Senate:

"We transmit you a bill which has passed this house, entitled 'an act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations,' and in which we request your concurrence. This bill has been passed by us to enable the president of the United States to commence with more effect a negotiation for the purchase of the Spanish territories lying on the Atlantic ocean and gulph of Mexico, and eastward of the river Mississippi. The nature and importance of the measure contemplated have induced us to act upon this subject with closed doors. You will of consequence consider this communication as confidential." To which motion an amendment was moved to strike out in the proposed message the words "river Mississippi" and to insert in lieu thereof the words "bay of Perdido," and upon the question thereupon.

It passed in the negative, yeas 59, nays 68, as follows:

YEAS. Messrs. Bassett, Betton, Broom, Butler, J. Campbell, Casey, Chittenden, Claiborne, Clifton, Covington, Dana, Davenport, Elliot, Ellis, Ely, Garnett, Goldsborough, Gray, Hastings, Hough, Jones, Kenan, Lewin Livingston, Lyon, McCreery, Merriweather, T. Moore, Mofely, J. Nelson, Newton, Pitkin, Quincy, J. Randolph, T. M. Randolph, Rhea, Penn., Sanford, J. C. Smith, J. Smith, S. Smith,

Spalding, Stanford, Stedman, Sturges, Taggart, Tallmadge, Tenney, P. R. Thompson, T. W. Thompson, Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Van Rensselaer, Verplanck, Wadsworth, D. R. Williams, M. Williams, Wilton, and Winston. — 59.

NAYS. Messrs. Alton, Anderson, Archer, Barker, Bedinger, Bidwell, Bishop, Blake, Blount, Brown, Boyle, Bryan, G. W. Campbell, Chandler, Clark, J. Clay, Clinton, Conrad, Crowninshield, Cuthbert, Darby, Dickson, Earle, Early, Elmer, Eppes, Findley, Fisk, Fowler, Gregg, Green, Halfey, Hamilton, Helms, Holland, Jackson, Kelly, Knight, Lambert, Leib, Magruder, Marion, Matters, N. R. Moore, Jer. Morrow, R. Nelson, Olin, Rhea, of Tenn., Richards, Russell, Saily, Schuneman, Seaver, Sloan, Smilie, O. B. Smith, Southard, Stanton, Thomas, Tracy, Varnum, Walton, J. Whitehill, R. Whitehill, Wickes, N. Williams, and Wynns. — 68.

The question was then taken that the house do agree to the motion to send to the senate as originally proposed.

And resolved in the affirmative. Ordered, That Mr. Bidwell and Mr. Early be appointed a committee pursuant thereto.

Another motion was then made and the question being put to remove the injunction of secrecy so far as respects the report of the select committee made to this house on the 3d inst. on the letter and communications from the president of the United States, referred to them on the 6th Dec. last.

It passed in the negative, yeas 46, nays 71; as follows:

YEAS. Messrs. Bassett, Betton, Broom, Butler, J. Campbell, Chittenden, Dana, Davenport, Ellis, Ely, Garnett, Goldsborough, Hastings, Helms, Hough, Kelly, Lewis, Livingston, Lyon, Magruder, Matters, Mofely, J. Nelson, R. Nelson, Pitkin, Quincy, J. Randolph, Sammons, Sanford, J. C. Smith, J. Smith, S. Smith, Spalding, Stedman, Sturges, Taggart, Tallmadge, Tenney, P. R. Thompson, T. W. Thompson, Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Verplanck, Wadsworth, Wilton and Winston. — 46.

NAYS. Messrs. Alton, Anderson, Archer, Barker, Bedinger, Bidwell, Blake, Brown, Boyle, Bryan, G. W. Campbell, Casey, Chittenden, Claiborne, Clark, Clifton, Conrad, Crowninshield, Cuthbert, Darby, Dickson, Earle, Early, Elliot, Elmer, Eppes, Findley, Fisk, Fowler, Gregg, Green, Halfey, Hamilton, Holland, Jackson, Jones, Kenan, Knight, Lambert, Leib, Marion, McCreery, Merriweather, N. R. Moore, T. Moore, Jer. Morrow, Newton, Olin, Pugh, T. M. Randolph, Rea, of Penn., Rhea, of Tenn., Russell, Saily, Schuneman, Seaver, Sloan, Smilie, Southard, Stanford, Stanton, Thomas, Tracy, Varnum, Walton, J. Whitehill, R. Whitehill, Wickes, M. Williams, N. Williams, and Wynns. — 71.

FRIDAY, Jan. 17.

On motion made and seconded, that the resolution agreed to by the house on the 14th instant, in the words following, do wit:

"Resolved, That an exchange of territory, between the United States and Spain is deemed by this house to be the most advantageous mode of settlement of existing differences respecting limits between the United States and the court of Madrid, and that any arrangements between the two governments which shall secure to Spain an ample barrier on the side of Mexico, and to the United States the countries watered by the Mississippi and to the eastward of it will meet the support and approbation of this house," be now made public.

It passed in the negative, yeas 46, nays 64, as follows:

YEAS. Messrs. Archer, Bedinger, Bett., Broom, J. Campbell, Chittenden, Clark, Covington, Dana, Davenport, Ellis, Ely, Garnett, Goldsborough, Gray, Hastings, Hough, Kelly, Lewis, Livingston, Matters, McCreery, Merriweather, T. Moore, Mofely, Pitkin, Quincy, J. Randolph, Rea, of Penn., Sammons, J. C. Smith, S. Smith, Spalding, Stanford, Stedman, Sturges, Taggart, Tallmadge, Tenney, P. R. Thompson, T. W. Thompson, Trigg, Van Cortlandt, Van Rensselaer, Verplanck, Wadsworth. — 46.

NAYS. Messrs. Alton, Anderson, Baird, Bidwell, Bishop, Blake, Blount, Brown, Boyle, Bryan, Butler, G. W. Campbell, Casey, Chandler, Claiborne, Clinton, Clifton, Cook, Crowninshield, Darby, Dickson, Early, Elliot, Elmer, Eppes, Findley, Fisk, Fowler, Gregg, Green, Halfey, Hamilton, Holland, Jones, Kenan, Knight, Lambert, Leib, Magruder, N. R. Moore, Jer. Morrow, R. Nelson, Nicholson, Olin, Pugh, Rhea, of Tenn., Russell, Saily, Schuneman, Seaver, Sloan, Smilie, O. B. Smith, Southard, Stanton, Thomas, Tracy, Varnum, Walton, J. Whitehill, R. Whitehill, Wickes, N. Williams, Winston. — 64.

A message, in writing, was received from the President of the U. States as follows:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States:

"The inclosed letter from the minister plenipotentiary of the United States, at the court of London contains interesting information on the subjects of my other message of this date. It is sent separately and confidentially, because its publication may discourage frank communications between our ministers generally and the governments with which they reside, and especially between the same ministers.

"TH: JEFFERSON."

January 18, 1806.  
The letter referred to in the foregoing message was read.

Thursday, February 6th.

A message in writing was received from the President of the U. States by Mr. Coles, his secretary as followeth:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"Since the date of my message of January 17, a letter of the 26th of November has been received from the minister plenipotentiary of the United States at London, covering one from the secretary for foreign affairs of that government which, being on the subject of that message, is now transmitted for the information of Congress. Although nothing forbids the substance of those letters from being communicated without reserve, yet so many ill effects produced from the publication of correspondences between ministers remaining still in office, that I cannot but recommend that these letters be not permitted to be formally published.

"TH: JEFFERSON."

Feb. 6, 1806.

The said letters and message accompanying it were read and ordered to lie on the table.

On a motion made and seconded, to amend the secret Journal of the House in manner following, to wit:

Tuesday, December 31.

"The following motion was laid on the table.

Resolved, That dollars be appropriated by law for the purpose of defraying any extraordinary expenses which may be incurred in the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied under the direction of the president of the United States; who shall have authority if necessary, to borrow the said sum or any part thereof, in behalf of the United States, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum; and shall cause an account of the expenditure, thereof to be laid before congress as soon as may be.

Resolved, That the additional duty of two and a half per centum ad valorem, imposed by an act intitled "an act further to protect the commerce and seamen of the United States against the Barbary powers" be continued for years.

The question was taken, "that the journal be so amended," and resolved in the affirmative, by yeas and nays, every member present voting in the affirmative.

A motion was then made and seconded that a committee be appointed to present to the president of the United States the resolution agreed to by this house on the 14th ultimo, in the words following, to wit:

"Resolved, That an exchange of territory between the United States and Spain is deemed by this house to be the most advantageous mode of settlement of existing differences respecting limits between the United States and the court of Madrid; and that any arrangement between the two governments, which shall secure to Spain an ample barrier on the side of Mexico, and to the United States the countries watered by the Mississippi and to the eastward of it will meet the approbation of this house."

On which motion debate arising, it was moved and seconded to postpone the consideration thereof until Thursday next.

And decided in the negative—Yeas 57 Nays 64.

Another motion was then made and seconded, to amend the said original motion by instructing the same committee also to present to the president of the U. States another resolution agreed to by this house, on the said 14th ultimo, in the words following, to wit:

"Resolved, That dollars be appropriated by law, toward defraying the expense which may be incurred in the purchase of the Spanish territories lying on the Atlantic ocean and Gulph of Mexico, and eastward of the Mississippi, to be paid out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, and to be applied under the direction of the president of the United States, who shall have authority, if necessary, to borrow the said sum, or any part thereof, in behalf of the U. States, at a rate of interest not exceeding six per centum per annum, redeemable at

will; and shall cause an account thereof to be laid before congress as soon as may be."

On which motion to amend, the question being taken,

It was resolved in the affirmative, And then the main question being taken that the house do agree to the said original motion, as now amended,

It was resolved in the affirmative. Ordered, That Mr. John Randolph and Mr. Gregg be appointed a committee pursuant thereto.

Tuesday, February 11.

Mr. John Randolph, from the committee appointed on Thursday last, to present to the president of the United States the two resolutions of this house of the 14th ultimo, reported, that the committee had, according to order, performed that service.

Mr. Thomas M. Randolph, from the committee for enrolled bills, reported, that the committee had examined an enrolled bill, to wit:

"An act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations," and had found the same to be truly enrolled: whereupon,

Mr. Speaker signed the said enrolled bill.

Ordered, that the clerk of this house do acquaint the senate therewith.

Wednesday, February 12.

Mr. Thomas M. Randolph, from the joint committee for enrolled bills, reported that the committee did yesterday present to the president of the United States for his approbation an enrolled bill, intitled "an act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the United States and foreign nations."

Tuesday, February 18.

A message in writing was received from the president of the United States by Mr. Coles, his secretary, as followeth:

"To the House of Representatives of the United States.

"On the 13th inst. I approved and signed the act, entitled 'An act making provision for defraying any extraordinary expenses attending the intercourse between the U. States and foreign nations,' which originated in the house of representatives, and I shall, in due season, deposit it among the rolls in the office of secretary of state.

"TH: JEFFERSON."

Feb. 18, 1806.

Monday, March 24.

A message, in writing, was received from the president of the U. States, by Mr. Coles, his secretary, as followeth:

"To the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States.

"I communicate to congress a letter recently received from the minister plenipotentiary of the United States at London, stating some circumstances which bear relation to the subject of my message of January 17th. This paper being original, and to be communicated to both houses, the return of it is requested.

"TH: JEFFERSON."

"March 24th, 1806."

The said message and document accompanying it, were severally twice read.

Ordered, That the letter referred to in the said message, be returned to the president of the United States agreeably to his request.

NEW YORK, March 29.

Capture of the Cape of Good Hope.

By the ship *Aeolus*, captain Mather, arrived yesterday from Canton and St. Helena, we have received the particulars of the capture of the Cape of Good Hope, by a British force under the command of sir Home Popham and sir David Baird.

On the 23d of January, the English brig *L'Espoir*, arrived at St. Helena from the Cape of Good Hope, and brought intelligence of the surrender of that place to the English on the 10th of January. The English troops were landed about the 5th of January, on the Hottentot shore. They were much annoyed in landing, by the whole Dutch force under the command of gen. Yansen. A sharp engagement took place. Various were the reports at St. Helena respecting the number killed and wounded; but it was generally supposed that 1000 Dutch, and from 600 to 800 of the English were killed and wounded. The Dutch troops were finally defeated, and governor Yansen, with about 3000 troops, retreated to the country, and the place capitulated.



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The force sent against the Cape consist-  
ed of 7,300 troops, under the command of  
general sir David Baird; and the follow-  
ing ships of war under the command of  
sir Home Popham, viz. Diadem, 64 guns;  
Raisable, 64; Belliqueux, 64; Dio-  
mede, 50; Narcissus, 38; Leda, 38;  
another 38 gun frigate; L'Espoir brig, 18,  
and another brig of 18 guns; 3 Indiamen  
and 38 transports.

The Britannia, a fine ship belonging to  
the company, having, as report says,  
100,000L. sterling in specie on board, and  
a transport, were totally lost off St. Roque  
—two lives only were lost, one of which  
was colonel Yorke, of the royal artillery.

Saturday, 10th January, 1806.

Articles of capitulation proposed by the  
Lieutenant-colonel Hieronimus Castmicus  
van Prophalow, Commandant of the town,  
castle, &c. circumjacent fortifications of  
the Cape of Good Hope.

To the major-general, in the service of his  
Britannic majesty, sir David Baird, K.  
B. and commander in chief of his majes-  
ty's forces, and commodore sir Home  
Popham, K. M. commander in chief of  
his Britannic majesty's naval forces in  
Table Bay.

Art. 1. The capitulation being signed,  
the Cape Town, Castle and circumjacent  
fortifications shall be immediately surren-  
dered to the troops of his Britannic majes-  
ty. The fortifications of the king's block-  
house, Craig's tower, and all the batteries  
within that circuit, on the other side of  
Camp's-bay.

Art. 2. The garrison shall, at the sur-  
render, march out with all the honors of war,  
and shall then lay down their arms and be-  
come prisoners of war; but such officers  
as are natives of the colony, or married  
with natives, or in possession of sufficient  
landed property to become regularly, and  
bona fide domiciliated, shall be at liberty  
to continue here so long as they behave  
themselves as becometh good subjects and  
citizens for proceed to Great Britain with  
regular passports, having previously pass-  
ed their paroles not to serve until regular  
exchanged.

Art. 3. All officers, who, according to  
the previous article must go to Europe,  
shall be provided with passages at the ex-  
pense of his Britannic majesty, and shall  
have leave to realize their property previ-  
ous to their departure, and receive the  
same pay as they did in their own service,  
till the day of their embarkation.

Art. 4. The French subjects, who, be-  
longing to the stranded frigate le Atalante,  
and the stranded privateer le Napoleon,  
were casually here, and comprehended in  
the capitulation, shall be treated on the  
same footing as the garrison but they must  
all be embarked for Europe, as well as ev-  
ery other French subject in the colony.

Art. 5. The inhabitants of the town,  
who have borne arms, to be considered as  
belonging to the town, and may immedi-  
ately return to their former occupations. But  
the distinction between the Burghers and  
other inhabitants is to remain the same,  
and subject to the same restrictions as un-  
der the Dutch laws.

Art. 6. All bona fide private property,  
whether belonging to the civil or military  
servants of the government, to the Burgh-  
ers and inhabitants, to churches, orphans,  
and other public institutions of that kind,  
shall remain free and untouched.

Art. 7. Public property of every de-  
scription, whether consisting of treasure,  
or naval, or military stores, buildings,  
states or merchandizes belonging to the  
Batavian Republic or the government of  
France, shall be delivered up, and proper  
inventories given of them as soon as possi-  
ble.

Art. 8. The Burghers and inhabitants  
shall preserve all their rights and privileges  
which they have enjoyed hitherto, public  
worship as at present in use, shall also be  
maintained without alteration.

Art. 9. The paper money actually in cir-  
culation shall continue current as heretofore, un-  
till the pleasure of his Britannic majesty is known.

Art. 10. The lands and houses, the property  
of the Batavian Republic, which must  
be delivered in consequence of the present  
capitulation, shall remain as security for that  
part of the paper money which is not already se-  
cured by mortgages upon the estates of indi-  
viduals, by its having been put to them. This is  
however to be without prejudice to the free use  
to be made of the said lands and houses for public  
purposes.

Art. 11. Prisoners of war comprehended in  
the present capitulation, shall not be pressed into  
his Britannic Majesty's service, or engaged a-  
gainst their own free will and consent. With  
respect to other persons they are provided for in  
Article 5. of this capitulation.

Art. 12. The inhabitants of Cape Town shall  
be exempted from having troops quartered on  
them.

Art. 13. Two ships having been sunk in Ta-  
ble Bay, to the great detriment of the Road-  
stead; either after the Batavian Republic had  
sent out a flag of truce, or whilst it was in con-  
templation to do so; they are to be raised again  
and delivered over to an entire state of repair;  
this having been done without the sanction of  
the commandant, the raising of the said ships,  
shall be incumbent on those who sunk them.

Art. 14. The capitulation shall be signed at  
Fom Olito this afternoon, when the Cattle of the  
Cape Town, and all the adjacent forts, previ-  
ously mentioned, shall be surrendered to his Bri-  
tannic Majesty's troops.

Given under our hands and seals, this thirti-  
eth day of January, in the year of our Lord 1806,  
at Paperdorp near Fort Knocke.

(Signed) H. C. Baron Van Prophalow,  
D. Baird, Major General.  
Home Popham.

## BY THIS DAY'S MAIL.

BALTIMORE, April 3.

## Latest European Intelligence.

The ship United States arrived below yes-  
terday, after a short passage of 23 days  
from London, her accounts therefore are  
fourteen or fifteen days later than those  
before received. Mr. Parviance, son  
of the collector of this port, with other  
passengers came up last evening in the  
Annapolis packet. The gentleman named  
politely forwarded us a number of London  
papers of dates 27, 25, 23, 21, and 20th  
of February, and others, irregular and  
not so late. Their contents claim but  
little interest, this our readers will ne-  
cessarily calculate when we inform them  
that the following selections are the  
most important we could furnish.

LONDON, Feb. 21.

Capture of Medina.—Last night a pack-  
et arrived at the India house from Mr.  
Barker, the company's resident at Bagdat,  
containing an account of the capture of  
Medina by the Wahabees, whose army ha-  
ving been reinforced from the desert, has  
overwhelmed the adjacent country, and  
taken the city by assault, with inhoite  
bloodshed and devastation. They set fire  
to Medina, in various places, destroyed the  
mosques, after having ransacked them of  
their valuable shrines and treasures, and  
completely demolished the tomb of the  
prophet.

Some thousands of females of the first  
rank were carried off by the besiegers into  
the desert, with a number of the princi-  
pal male inhabitants. A troop of camels  
were also sent away with jewels and other  
treasure to an immense amount.

Our letters from Holland continue to  
assert, that Bonaparte perseveres in his  
earnest entreaties to the king of Prussia,  
to induce his majesty to shut his ports  
against the commerce of England, and it  
is feared that the implacable tyrant will  
ultimately carry his point in this respect.  
Much, however, will depend upon the  
result of the negotiations now pending at  
Berlin. In which the Danish minister takes  
a conspicuous part.

A council of the cabinet ministers was  
yesterday afternoon held at Mr. Secretary  
Fox's office, in Downing-street. Rumor  
stated, that the deliberations related to the  
subject of peace; but we could not trace  
this rumor to any authentic source.

A private letter from Bremen of the  
11th inst. contains the following article, re-  
lative to the sentences passed on the officers  
whose conduct produced the recent mis-  
fortunes of the house of Austria:

"You have of course heard that the  
archduke Charles has caused a thorough  
investigation into the causes of the mis-  
fortunes of the Imperial arms in Germany,  
and, astonishing to think, the undermen-  
tioned persons, so high in the confidence  
of his majesty, are said to have had the  
following sentences passed upon them, for  
the criminal part they have acted in the late  
transactions:

Prince Auerberg, to be deprived of no-  
bility, his estates confiscated, and impris-  
oned ten years in the fortress of Spiel-  
berg.

Prince Lambert, imprisoned for life, in  
the said fortress.

General Jell, sentenced to be shot.

Privy councillor Callenbach, ordered to  
quit the imperial states.

Counsellor Fassbender, to be dismissed  
from his office.

Field marshal Kaunitz, and field mar-  
shal Aulenberg, have committed suicide  
while under arrest.

All the staff officers of the regiments of  
Kaunitz and Spork, reduced and disgrac-  
ed.

Count Cobenzel ordered to quit the  
country.

General Mack's plans to be submitted to  
a board of general officers.

Thirty generals dismissed and many  
more under examination.

The trimming policy of the cabinet of  
Berlin is universally reprobated in the  
North of Germany. It has formally ac-  
knowledgeed the mock sovereignty of Ba-  
varia and Wirtemberg.

We received this morning American pa-  
pers to the 16th ult. The congress has  
been occupied in close sitting in the dis-  
cussion of the differences between the court  
of Madrid and the United States, as well  
as of the grounds of complaint preferred by  
the mercantile interest against the acts of  
violence that have been so frequently im-  
puted to our cruisers. None of the pro-  
ceedings in either had, however been allow-  
ed to transpire. The merchants of New  
York are extremely indignant at the restric-  
tions and vexations under which they as-  
sert their trade labors, from the conduct of  
British ships of war. Should their com-  
plaints be just, we sincerely hope that every  
explanation and facility will be offered  
by our government to preserve a good un-  
derstanding with the United States.

The merchants of the city of London have  
drawn up a petition to government, praying that  
a more efficient protection than that hitherto  
granted may be offered to commerce. In this  
petition it is set forth, that, notwithstanding the  
heavy convoy duty at present imposed, the num-  
ber of our merchant ships captured during the last  
three months, has been far greater than during  
the whole of the present war besides. As a re-  
medy for a grievance so serious and alarming, the  
merchants propose to government to commit to  
an additional number of armed frigates, to serve  
as convoy, and cruise in the channel, which now  
swarms with the privateers of the enemy.

We understand that a close blockade of the e-  
nemy's ports is one of the measures determined up-  
on by the new board of admiralty.

Accounts were yesterday received from Dub-  
lin of partial disturbances having arisen in the  
county of Mayo, but wholly unconnected with  
any political question. They are stated to have  
originated solely in the vexatious manner, to the  
poorer classes in which the tithes are let, and in  
which they are collected.

February 25.

The elections of Bavaria and Wirtemberg  
were proclaimed Kings on the 15th day of this  
month, at which time Napoleon was at Munich.  
A report had prevailed on the Continent, that he  
intended making a visit to Berlin, where, it ap-  
pears, the emperor Alexander is again expected.

February 26.

It is the general opinion in Spain, that they  
will be compelled by the French, to march an  
army against Portugal in the approaching Spring.  
We recollect an article to this effect, in the Mo-  
nitor some days ago, given as intelligence receiv-  
ed from Madrid, but which in all probability, came  
direct from the French Government.

## Alexandria Daily Advertiser.

FRIDAY, April 4.

The United States brig Hornet, captain Dent,  
sailed from this port for France on Saturday  
morning. Fulwar Skene, Esq; went pas-  
senger in her with dispatches from Government.  
[New York paper.]

Captain Gage informs, that there were two  
privateers laying in Havana ready for sea, with  
positive written orders to carry into effect the  
Decree of Talleyrand's, and which the captains  
of the privateers have shown in Havana. He al-  
so informs, that there were two privateer schoo-  
ners at Havana, one mounting 12, and the o-  
ther 3 guns, ready for sea.

[Ibid.]

New York, March 31.

The schooner Amiens, Jackson, arrived at  
Havana on the 12th instant, from this port.  
Captain J. informed Captain Smith, of the brig  
Rajah, that he was boarded by a privateer off  
Abaco, the captain of which a few days before  
had spoke the ship Hare from New York for Ha-  
vanna, having been ashore on Abaco Reef, and  
was in a very leaky condition. The ship Will-  
ing Maid, from Norfolk for Campeachy, was  
cast away on the Matting Keys; the captain and  
supercargo had got on board some homeward  
bound American vessel, and the crew had arrived  
at the Havana in a schooner from St. Thomas.

Captain Smith informs us that the two French  
frigates, which made their escape from St. Do-  
mingo during the engagement, had been off Aba-  
co about the 6th instant, and had captured a Bri-  
tish brig from Philadelphia laden with provisions,  
and put the captain and crew on board the sch-  
—, capt. Lord, from Boston for Havana,  
where she arrived on the 12th instant. A Bri-  
tish frigate, which had been cruising off the Ha-  
vanna for some time, left that place the day be-  
fore captain Smith sailed, on hearing that the a-  
bove two frigates were off Abaco.

From the Washington Federalist.

On Wednesday last the bill prohibiting  
the importation of certain articles from G.  
Britain and Ireland, passed the house of  
representatives. Ayes 63 Nays 32. The  
bill is to go into operation the 15th of Nov.  
next.

If any man knows of any thing more  
childish than the passage of this bill, we  
would be very glad to hear of it, that this  
may not stand alone in the annals of legis-  
lative nonsense. To go into operation,  
after the importation of our fall goods, the  
15th of November; a fortnight after the  
next meeting of congress, if they meet the  
first Monday in November, as they proba-  
bly will. It is shewing the teeth, and at  
the same time declaring they are afraid to  
bite.

Mr. Randolph said but a few words.  
He declared it a milk and water bill; a dose  
of chicken-broth to be administered eight  
months hence; a bill almost too contempti-  
ble for the discussion of men of sound  
minds. If, said he, you would throw the  
disgrace of it from your shoulders, throw  
the bill under the clerk's table: It is no-  
thing more nor less than granting a bounty  
for perjury; for no part of it is worth a far-  
thing except that relating to custom house  
oaths, and we all know what custom house  
oaths are: It cannot be carried into exe-  
cution; you know it cannot; nor do you  
wish it should be; it is intended only for  
a show, a bug bear.

The times requires something very dif-  
ferent—the administration wants energy.  
Is the house to be whipped into this mea-  
sure by the underlings of government? Why  
will not gentlemen attend to the changes  
and present situation of Europe? Will they  
continue to go the same unvaried round  
in their political go-cart, heedless  
of the changes by which we ought to be  
governed? Is not a negotiation now pend-  
ing? I call, Mr. Speaker, for the reading  
of the dispatches lately received.

Speaker. What dispatches?

Mr. Randolph. Those from Mr. Mun-

roe.

Speaker. They are confidential.

Mr. Randolph. I hope they will be read.

Speaker. They are not in the possession

of the house.

Mr. Randolph. I hope they will be sent

for them.

Speaker. I have stated to the gentle-

man that they are not before the house;

and, if here, they would not be read.

There was here a loud call for the ques-

tion, and Mr. Randolph forbore rising

again.

Messrs. Clopton and Newton spoke in

favor of the bill.

Mr. Lyon moved to recommit the bill

for the purpose of granting leave to the

president by proclamation to declare it null

provided our differences should be adjust-

ed with G. Britain.

There were about a dozen in favor of

the motion.

It now stands, importation must be stop-

ped, though all disputes should be arrang-

ed at this moment—Something terrible

this to be sure—But the fact is they

mean to meet the 1st of November

to repeal it, they have inveigled a great

number, by urging the necessity of unani-

mity, and promising that particular care

should be taken that the bill should never

be executed—This is apparent—Well

it answers for a show! What a spirited and

energetic congress we have! Buy lands

twice of Spain, through fear of offending

France, and pass a bill against England,

the very face of which declares it cannot be

was never intended to be executed:

## NOTICE.

WHEREAS the partnership of ROBERTSON  
& CARTER, was dissolved on the first  
day of January last, and the said Carter, has giv-  
en up all properties, together with all debts due  
said concern to me, for the benefit of our Credi-  
tors. The public is hereby forewarned from pay-  
ing any debts which may be due to said concern,  
or any part thereof, unless duly authorized by

James M. Robertson.

April 4.

Wanted to Purchase,

A FEMALE HOUSE SERVANT, who

can come well recommended—from 20 to 25

years of age.

Apply to the Printer.

April 5.

JUST RECEIVED,

From Philadelphia,

30 boxes fresh Malaga Raisins

8 boxes fresh Olives, in bottles of superior

8 do Anchovies } quality.

A L S O,

A very handsome assortment of Fancy Oranges;

perl Boxes, Fancy Paper do, containing Look-

ing Glasses, Perfumes, &c. Pincushions, with

Glasses. Also, some handsome Pocket Books,

and a few pots of first quality Rouge—for sale,

by

Matthew Eakin.

Who has for Sale,

Lisbon Lemons, in boxes—and

fresh Oranges.

March 13.

31awm



## JAMES KENNEDY, S.R.N.

KING STREET.

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has received, from L.R. & Co's Patent and Family Medicine Store, New-York, a fresh assortment of the following

### Valuable Medicines,

Which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the drugs of which they are compounded could be purchased at a retail store.

### TAKE NOTICE

That J. Kennedy is appointed the only agent for ALEXANDRIA.

### Dr. HAMILTON'S ELIXIR,

A sovereign remedy for Colds, Obstructed Coughs, Asthma, Catarrhs, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumption.

To Parents who may have children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH,

This discovery is of the first magnitude, as it is an immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorder to which children are liable. The Elixir is so perfectly agreeable and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney-General of the State of Maryland.

Gentlemen, I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir. It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary. I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

### LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Abijah Henry, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's elixir of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold caught several months ago. He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakening twitches when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper: he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints and desires to give this public testimony in favor of his invaluable medicine.

### Dr. Hamilton's

### GRAND RESTORATIVE,

It is recommended as an invaluable medicine, for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints which result from dissipated pleasures—juvenile indiscretions—residence in climates unfavorable to the constitution—the immoderate use of tea, frequent intoxication, or any other destructive intemperance—the unskillful or excessive use of mercury—the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life—bad lying in, &c. &c.

And is proved by long and extensive experience to be absolutely unparalleled in the cure of

Nervous Disorders,  
Consumptions,  
Lowness of spirits,  
Loss of appetite,  
Impurity of the blood,  
Hysterical affections,  
Inward weakness,  
Seminial weaknesses,  
Fluoribus (or whites),  
Barrenness,

Violent cramps in the  
stomach and back,  
Indigestion,  
Melancholy,  
Gout in the stomach,  
Pains in the limbs,  
Relaxations,  
Involuntary emissions,  
Obstinate gleet,  
Impotency, &c. &c.

In cases of extremity, where the long prevalence and obstinacy of disease has brought on a general impoverishment of the system, excessive debility of the whole frame, and a wasting of the flesh, which no nourishment or cordial could repair, a perseverance in the use of this medicine has performed the most astonishing cures.

### HAMILTON'S ESSENCE AND EXTRACT OF MUSTARD,

A safe and effectual remedy for gout, rheumatism, palsy, sprains, bruises, pains in the face and neck, &c. And has performed more cures in the above complaint than all the other medicines ever before made public.

From Dr. Weatherburn,  
Wylhe county, Virginia.

### GENTLEMEN,

I purchased at your shop the preparations you call Hamilton's Essence, or Extract of Mustard, which I believe has perfectly removed a chronic rheumatism (of that kind named sciatica, or of the hip joint) under which I had labored for a long time, and which had baffled every article in the Materia Medica, and every mode of treatment received in practice for the cure of this obstinate disease. If you think this letter useful you are at liberty to make it public.

Yours, &c.

### W. WEATHERBURN.

John Hoover, rope maker, South Second Street, between Mary and Christian Streets, Philadelphia, voluntarily maketh oath as follows, namely,

That his wife, Mary Hoover, was severely afflicted with a violent rheumatism, very dangerously situated the consequence of a severe cold after lying in, as to be confined to her bed for several weeks, and was at length reduced to the melancholy apprehension of remaining a cripple for life, notwithstanding the most respectable medical advice was followed, and every probable remedy attempted: when seeing several cures performed by Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard, they were procured from Mr. Birch, No. 17, South Second Street. The first application enabled her to walk across the room, and the use of one bottle restored her to her usual state of health and strength.

### JOHN HOOVER.

Sworn and subscribed before

EBENEZER FERGUSON, Esq.

One of the justices of the peace for Philadelphia county.

### HAMILTON'S

### WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

Which have within four years past cured upwards of one hundred and twenty thousand persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions or lowness in the stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever of similar title, so commonly complained of as operating with violence, on the contrary a particular excellence of this it contains nothing but what is perfectly innocent, and so mild in its operation that it cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady, or the tenderest infant of a week old should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms and many fatal disorders. They are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humors and corruptions; feverish and bilious complaints, and the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on the occasion.

### Description of Worms, and the symptoms by which they are known.

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz. the Tere or large round worm, the Ascarides, or small maw worm, the Cucurbitina, or short flat, white worm, and lastly, the Tania or tape worm to be called from its resemblance to tape; this is often many yards long, and is full of joints—it is most hurtful and most difficult to cure.

Among the symptoms attending worms, are disagreeable breath, especially in the morning—Bad and corrupted gums—Itching in the nose and about the face—Convulsions and epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech—Starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep—Irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious—Purging, with slimy and fetid stools—Vomiting—Large and hard belly—Pains and sickness at the stomach—Pains in the head and thighs, with lowness of spirits—Slow fever, with small and irregular pulse—A dry cough—Excessive thirst—Sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face bloated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's worm destroying lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of children, a dreadful disorder which annually destroys thousands of the infant part of our cities. It is likewise the mildest and most certain remedy known and has restored to health and strength a great number when in advanced stages of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness, having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

### CASES OF CURES—

By Hamilton's

### WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES,

(Selected from thousands) the authenticity of which any person may ascertain either by letter or personal application.

### TAPE WORM.

Mr. SAMUEL FULLER, Inn keeper, on the Hartford road, ten miles from Baltimore, began about twenty months ago to be grievously afflicted with a tape worm, which increased fast in size and strength, so as to excite the most horrid sensations by his writhing motions and intolerable pains, resembling the gnawing and tearing of his bowels, which deprived him of his necessary sleep, and caused such dreadful apprehensions as cannot be conceived but by one in a similar situation—his appetite wasted rapidly, and with that his strength, so that he was unable to attend to any business—when he heard of some excellent cures performed by Hamilton's worm lozenges, he took a large dose, which brought away about FOUR YARDS of the worm (now in the possession of Lee, & Co.) but a renewal of his pains soon convinced him that this monstrous reptile had recovered its first vigor—Application was made to Lee & Co. for more of their medicine, with their advice, from which resulted the total expulsion of his formidable enemy, in several pieces, which he supposed to be SIX or EIGHT YARDS more. A few months have since elapsed, and Mr. Fuller is now in perfect health. The above facts are well known to a numerous circle of his neighbors, and himself will gratify any who may wish to make further inquiries on the subject. Although Hamilton's worm lozenges produce such powerful effects, when necessary, yet they are perfectly innocent and mild in their operation on the human body, even taken in large doses, as Mr. Fuller will testify—their particular mildness is abundantly evident in innumerable cures of infants.

Communicated by Dr. John Spangler, York town, Pennsylvania.

Letter from the reverend Mr. JOHN MOLTER, minister of the Moravian church, in York town: York, January 4th, 1802.

### DEAR SIR,

Dr. Hamilton's lozenges have been recommended to me as a very adequate means for the cure of children afflicted with worms; I procured a box for the use of my family, to try whether by means of this medicine I might be enabled to gain a point, which, to accomplish, different other means had proved abortive. My eldest boy had a very sickly appearance, was very restless at night, grew leaner from time to time; in short, he seemed to be in a precarious state of health, which would yield to none of the medicines administered, until I gave him two doses of lozenges, agreeably to the directions, which carried off a substance to all appearance a mere mucus but upon close inspection quite replete with very small living animals. Not one of that sort of worms which usually afflict children came from him. Since that period he grew remarkably better in health, and though lean, has got a fresh and lively complexion. Upon different occasions I have used this medicine as a purging substitute, and found it to answer exceedingly well, without bringing on belly ache, or any other disagreeable sensations, to open occasionally by purging medicines. Upon the whole I judge this medicine to be, besides its main object, one of the most salutary means for restoring lost appetite, and promoting a proper state of digestion, by carrying off that bilious substance, which engenders so much indisposition both among children and adults.

I am, Sir, your most obedient servant,

JOHN MOLTER.

### Dr. Hahn's true and genuine German Corn Plaster.

An infallible remedy for corns, speedily removing them root and branch, without giving pain.

### The genuine Persian Lotion,

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, as an invaluable cosmetic perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellent minerals (the basis of other lotions) and of unparalleled efficacy in preventing and removing blemishes in the face and skin of every kind, particularly freckles, pimples, inflammatory redness, scurfs, setters, ring worms, yan-barns, prickly heat, &c.

The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding that natural, insensible perspiration,

which is so essential to health. Yet its salutary effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and clear, improving the complexion, and restoring the bloom of youth. Never failing to render an ordinary countenance beautiful, and an handsome one more so.

### The Restorative Powder for the Teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts & strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all that acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

### Dr. Hahn's genuine Eye-Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness, or of accident, dislocations of rheum, dullness, itching and films on the eyes, never failing to cure those maladies which frequently succeed the small pox, measles and fevers, and wonderfully strengthening a weak sight. Hundreds have experienced its excellent virtues, when nearly deprived of sight.

### Tooth Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

### The sovereign Ointment for the Itch.

Which is warranted an infallible remedy at one application, and may be used with perfect safety on pregnant women or on infants a week old, containing not a particle of mercury, or any other dangerous ingredient whatever, and is not accompanied with that tormenting smell, which attends the application of other remedies.

### The Anodyne Elixir.

For the cure of every kind of head ache.

### Indian Vegetable Specific.

A safe and speedy remedy for the venereal disease. "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure."

For the prevention and cure of bilious and malignant fevers, IS RECOMMENDED

### Dr. Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile, and prevent its morbid secretions; to restore and amend the appetite; to procure a free perspiration, and thereby prevent colds; which are often attended with fatal consequence; as dose never fails to remove a cold, if taken on its first appearance. They are celebrated for removing habitual colicness; sickness at the stomach, and severe head ache; and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

Sold likewise by S. Pleasants, Richmond; Rofs and Douglass, Petersburg; T. Green, Fredericksburgh; G. Purdie, Smithfield; M. Jones, Suffolk; Dr. Miller, Winchester; R. Greenhow, Williamsburgh; and J. Shaw, Leesburg.

September 4.

23w

### FOR SALE,

A Tract of Land, in Stafford county, about four miles above Aquia, containing 500 acres. The said land is well watered and heavily timbered, and has on it all the necessary accommodations for a family. The terms of payment will be, one third in hand, and the other two thirds at two annual installments. Bonds, with approved security, will be required. For further particulars apply to the subscriber on the premises, or to Dr. John Bronaugh, Dumfries.

William Bronaugh.

Stafford county, 31st March. 23w4w

### JOHN TUCKER

Has for Sale,

2000 bushels coarse Turk's-Island SALT;

20 hhds Muscovado Sugar;  
10 bags Black Pepper;  
3 trunks Chester's and Pocket Handkerchiefs;

500 Spanish Hides;  
Teas, &c. &c.

Also,  
A few bushels Seed Potatoes.

March 25.

23w3w

### JUST PUBLISHED,

By COTTON and STEWART,

(Price one Dollar.)

A new edition with modern improvements on the ART OF COOKERY,

MADE PLAIN AND EASY

By Mrs. GLASS.

Containing directions how to roast, boil and dress to perfection, every thing necessary to be sent up to table.  
ad. Directions for Soups, Broths, Puddings, Pies, Gravies, Sauces, Hashes, Fricassees, Ragouts, Pickling, Cakes, Jellies, Preserving, &c. &c. With a modern bill of fare for every month in the year.  
There is no work on this subject more complete than the above. It is also the most modern as the Edition from which this was taken, was published in London, May 1803, and contains all the improvements in the art up to that time, leaving out many superfluous dishes, and substituting others more useful.  
December 20.

### PUBLIC SALE.

### On SATURDAY NEXT,

At four o'clock, in the afternoon, Will be Sold, on Col. Ranney's wharf, on a credit of 60 and 90 days, for approved indorssed negotiable notes;

13 hogheads 4th proof Jamaica Rum, & 2 pipes 4th proof Cognac Brandy.

April 3.

P. G. Marsteller.

### REMOVAL.

T. CRAVEN has removed his Store next door to Mott's Tavern; where he offers for Sale a general assortment of

### DRY GOODS,

And daily expects a further Supply.

April 3.

### NOTICE.

John Horsburgh & Robert Calder HAVE entered into partnership and removed to the Store corner of King and Royal streets, where they have for Sale a general assortment of DRY GOODS, and daily expect a further Supply.

April 2.

Horsburgh & Calder.

Now printing in Philadelphia, AT THE LORENZO PRESS,

Under the inspection of the Author, in a first Octavo Volume, with Plates, executed by the first Artists in America, a new and splendid Edition, on much enlarged, of a Poem, entitled

### Modern Philosophy;

OR

### Terrible Tractation!!!

A PORTAL PETITION against GALVANIZING TRUMPERY, and the PERKINISTIC INSTITUTION:

Addressed to the Royal College of Physicians, London,

By CHRISTOPHER CAUSTICK, M. D. 2. S. S. Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, Aberdeen, and honorary Member of no less than nineteen very learned Societies.

The object of this Poem is to promote the best interests of Society, by arraying the powers of legitimate satire against the philosophers, quack politicians, and other scoundrels of the day, and to give more extensive publicity to such inventions, improvements, and other exertions of the human mind as deserve to be patronized by the community.

The author proposes to enlarge the work, by the addition of such matter as he presumes will be found most immediately interesting to the American public, and hopes his efforts to improve the plan and execution of the Poem, will be thought in some measure worthy of the favorable reception with which it has already been honored in Europe and in America.

The above work will be published by the subscriber in about two months—Price, bound in boards, one dollar seventy-five cents—bound in sheep, two dollars—and in calf, two dollars fifty cents.

ROBERT GRAY.

March 29.

24w2m

### LAND FOR SALE.

Will be Sold, to the highest bidder, on MONDAY, the 19th day of May next, at Hay-Market, (being the first day of the next district court to be held there)

TWO hundred acres of LAND, more or less, known by the name of Greenwich, and lying in the county of Prince William, four miles from Hay-Market, on the road leading from thence to Fredericksburg and the Carolina's. The back road from the city of Washington to the southern states also runs through the land, which renders it an eligible stand for a tavern, it is also a good stand for a store. There are several houses, with a well of excellent water on this land, which lies well for cultivation, and has a considerable quantity of wood on it. The Plaster of Paris also appears well adapted to the soil, as I raised fine clover on it from the application of that manure only.

The terms of sale will be—One third of the purchase money in 6 months, one third in 12 months, and the remaining third in 18 months from the day of sale; the purchaser giving bond and approved security for the payment thereof. Possession will be given immediately to the purchaser, and a good title made on receipt of the first payment.

Bertand Ewell.

February 17.

24w 6c

### FOR SALE,

An elegant three story Brick House, on the corner of King and Columbus streets, now occupied by Mr. John Roberts. YOUNG NEGROES or GROCERIES will be taken in part payment. For terms apply to Col. George Denale, or to the subscriber in the City of Washington.

Nicholas Vols.

February 10.

law

PRINTED DAILY BY SAMUEL SNOWDEN.